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Bio-Adembeads Protein A ADE-0423 for qualitative and fast results

For research use only

INTRODUCTION

Protein A is 42 kDa cell wall component produced by *Staphyloccocus aureus*. The native form exhibits four Ig Fc binding sites with only two active sites. Thus, the protein A employed is a recombinant form containing only the Fc binding sites without any albumin binding sites

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Bio-Adembeads Protein A are uniform sized superparamagnetic nanoparticles conjugated with protein A.

They are produced and supplied in an aqueous suspension containing 0.05% Proclin 300.

PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Diameter: 300 nm (CV max 20%)

Magnetic susceptibility: approx. 40 emu/g

Specific surface area: 10 m²/g Iron oxide content: approx. 70% Binding capacity: ~100µg/ml

BIO-ADEMBEADS PROTEIN A PRINCIPLE

Immunoprecipitation:

Bio-Adembeads Protein A can be used for immunoprecipitation. In this case, cells are lysed and cell debris are removed.

A specific antibody is first added to the cell lysate. The Bio-Adembeads protein A are then incubated with the cell lysate in order to form a magnetic Version 2.3

labelled immune complex wich can be easily separated from the liquid by removing the supernatant during the magnetization step.

Immunoglobulin purification:

Bio-Adembeads Protein A are particularly suitable for immunoglobulin purification from ascite, serum, tissue culture supernatants or other samples. After a short incubation time the immunoglobulins are eluted from the Bio-Adembeads Protein A and the containing Ig supernatant is pipetted off for downstream applications

Species	Affinity for Protein A	Affinity for Protein G
Chicken	-	+
Cow	++	++++
Goat	-	++
Guinea Pig	++++	++
Hamster	+	++
Horse	++	++++
Human IgG₁	++++	++++
Human IgG ₂	++++	++++
Human IgG₃	-	++++
Human IgG₄	++++	++++
Mouse	++	++
Mouse IgG ₁	+	++++
Mouse IgG _{2a}	++++	++++
Mouse IgG _{2b}	+++	+++
Mouse IgG₃	++	+++
Pig	+++	+++
Rabbit	++++	+++
Rat	+/-	++
Rat IgG₁	-	+
Rat IgG _{2a}	-	++++
Rat IgG _{2b}	-	++
Rat IgG _{2c}	+	++
Sheep	+/-	++

Table 1: Protein A/G affinities for IgG from various species

INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE

IMMUNOPRECIPITATION

A. Before starting

The choice of lysis buffer is critical and dependent on the nature of the protein to be

studied. The RIPA buffer or NP 40 buffer could be used in most cases.

RIPA Buffer gives the lowest background, but can denature some kinases. It also has the potential to disrupt protein:protein interactions. In this case, we strongly recommend to homogenize the cell lysate by passing through a needle (23G, 0.6mm) prior adding antibody or to sonicate and centrifuge 10' at 10000 rpm and keep the supernatant.

NP40 (newly Igepal CA 630) Buffer is less denaturing, but gives a higher background. In order to reduce kinase activity inhibition and protein complexe disruption, prefer using this buffer.

Buffer composition

RIPA Buffer	50mM Tris, 150 mM NaCl, 1% Triton X100, 1 % Deoxycholate, 0.1% SDS, pH 8
NP40 Buffer	20mM Tris, 150mM NaCl, 0.5 % Deoxycholate, 0.5 % NP40, pH8

Notes:

- The lysis conditions must be carefully chosen. Increase the salt concentration, decrease the detergent concentration, or change the detergent can optimized conditions for immunoprecipitation.
- To prevent protein degradation, we recommend performing lysis on ice and or adding proteinase inhibitors to the lysis buffer.

B. Immunoprecipitation Procedure

The protocol below offers a general guideline for immunoprecipitation. Optimization may be required for each antigen and antibody.

For optimal performance, match the amount of Bio-Adembeads Protein A to the amount of the antibody to be captured.

Bio-Adembeads Protein A	Antibody
20μΙ	2μg
40µl	4µg
60µl	6µg

Table 2: Ratio Beads/Antibody
The following protocol is established for <u>20µl Bio-</u>
Adembeads Protein A and 2µg of monoclonal

antibody. If you use more beads, proportionally adjust all the volume of buffers.

B.1. Basic Protocol (without IgG Crosslinking)

- 1. Add 2 μg of monoclonal antibody to $500 \mu l$ of cell lysate (corresponding to 1-10 $x10^6$ cells).
- 2. Incubate 30 min minimum under agitation (~1000 rpm) at room temperature.
- 3. Bio-Adembeads Protein A washing procedure.
- 3.1. Pipette and transfer 20µl of Bio-Adembeads Protein A into a test tube.
- 3.2. Place the tube on a magnet until pellet forming. Pipette off the supernatant carefully, leaving beads undisturbed.
- 3.3. Remove the test tube from the magnet and resuspend the beads carefully in 20µl of Lysis buffer.
- 3.4. Repeat one time steps 3.2 and 3.3.
- 4. Binding of Bio-Adembeads Protein A to immune complex
- 4.1. Add 20µl of washed Bio-Adembeads Protein A to the immune complex.
- 4.2. **Incubate 30 min minimum** under agitation (~1000 rpm) at room temperature.
- 5. [Target-Protein-beads] complex washing procedure
- 5.1. Place the tube on a magnet until pellet forming, discard the supernatant, remove the test tube from the magnet and add 500µl of Lysis Buffer. Be sure to resuspend the beads by pipetting several times.
- 5.2. Repeat 3 times step 5.1.
- 5.3. Place the tube on the magnet until pellet forming, discard the supernatant, remove the test tube from the magnet and resuspend the beads in 20μl of Lysis Buffer.

To avoid non specific binding, be sure to homogenize the beads by pipetting.

6. Bio-Adembeads Protein A target protein elution procedure

To elute conventional methods could be applied:

- -Lower the pH to about 2.0–3.5, -or increase the pH to about 11
- The method of choice depends of the target protein, the downstream applications and detection methods.

As a general method, we recommend 50mM glycine, 0.65 % Tween 20, pH 2.7 as elution buffer or use PAG Elution Buffer (#10701).

- 6.1 Place the tube on the magnet until pellet forming. Pipette off the supernatant.
- 6.2. Remove the test tube from the magnet and add 15µl of Elution Buffer. Mix well by pipetting during 2min.
- 6.3. Place the tube and the magnet until pellet forming and **keep the supernatant** containing the target protein.

As a safety measure to preserve the activity of acid labile IgGs, we recommend adding basic buffer to neutralize the eluted fraction.

Notes:

- If necessary a second elution could be performed (Repeat step 6.1 and 6.2).
- Elution volume of 15μl can be used until 100μl of beads
- Beads magnetization (step 6.3) is important to avoid contamination.

B.2. IgG Cross-linking Protocol

If coelution of immunoglobulin is not desired, a chemical crosslinking between specific antibodies and the Protein A coated on the surface of the Bio-Adembeads can be performed.

- 1. Pipette and transfer 20µl of Bio-Adembeads Protein A into a test tube.
- 2. Place the tube on a magnet until pellet forming. Pipette off the supernatant carefully, leaving beads undisturbed.
- Remove the test tube from the magnet and resuspend the beads carefully in 20µl of PBS 0.65% Tween 20 pH 7.5.
- 4. Repeat one time steps 2 and 3.
- Add 2µg of monoclonal antibody and incubate 10-30 min minimum under agitation (~1000 rpm) at room temperature.
- Place the tube on the magnet until pellet forming and discard the supernatant. Remove the test tube from the magnet and resuspend the beads in 20µl of PBS 0.65% Tween 20 pH 7.5.
- 7. Repeat one time steps 6.
- Place the tube on the magnet until pellet forming. Pipette off the supernatant, remove the test tube from the magnet and resuspend the beads in 20μl of 200mM Triethanolamine pH 9.
- Place the tube on the magnet until pellet forming. Pipette off the supernatant and resuspend the beads in 100µl of 20mM DMP (dimethyl pimelimidate dihydrochloride) dissolved in 200mM Triethanolamine pH 9.

This DMP solution has not a long lasting stability. It must be prepared just before adding to the beads.

- **10.Incubate 30 min minimum** under agitation (~1000 rpm) at room temperature.
- **11.** Place the tube on a magnet until pellet forming and discard the supernatant.
- 12. Remove the tube from the magnet and stop the reaction by adding 20µl of 50mM Tris pH 7.5 and incubate 15min minimum under agitation (~1000 rpm) at room temperature.
- **13.** Place the tube on a magnet until pellet forming and discard the supernatant.

- 14. Remove the tube from the magnet and resuspend the beads in 20µl of 50mM glycine, 0.65 % Tween 20, pH 2.7.
- 15. Repeat one time steps 13 and 14.
- **16.** Place the tube on the magnet until pellet forming, discard the supernatant, remove the test tube from the magnet and resuspend the beads in **20µl of Lysis buffer**.
- **17.** Add the beads to the cell lysate to perform your immunoprecipitation.
- **18.** Proceed to section B1 step 4.2 and follow the procedure.

IMMUNOGLOBULIN PURIFICATION

- 1. Pipette 20µl of Bio-Adembeads Protein A into a test tube.
- Place the tube in a magnet until the pellet forming Pipette off the supernatant carefully, leaving beads undisturbed.
- Remove the test tube from the magnet and resuspend the beads carefully in 20µl of PBS 0.65% Tween 20 pH 7.5.
- 4. Repeat one time step 2 and 3.
- Add 20 µl of washed Bio-Adembeads Protein A per 10µl of diluted serum (dilution 1/10 in PBS 0.65% Tween 20 pH 7.5).
- **6. Incubate 10-30 min** minimum under agitation (~1000 rpm) at room temperature.
- **7.** Place the tube on a magnet until pellet forming and pipette off the supernatant.
- Remove the test tube from the magnet and resuspend the beads in 20μl of PBS 0.65% Tween-20 buffer pH 7.5.
- 9. Repeat twice steps 7 and 8.

For viscous samples this step can be repeated and the volume of washing could be increase.

10. To elute, proceed to section B1 step 6.

ADDITIONAL MATERIAL REQUIRED

- PAG Elution Buffer (#10701)
- Magnetic devices
 - o Adem-Mag SV, 1.5 ml (# 20101)
 - o Adem-Mag MV, 15 ml (# 20102)
 - Adem-Mag HV, 50 ml (# 20103)
 - Adem-Mag MSV, 12x1.5-2ml (# 20104)
- Rotation device
- · Test tubes

STORAGE / STABILITY

When stored in unopened vials at 2-8°C, Bio-Adembeads Protein A are stable until expiration date printed on the label.

The Bio-Adembeads Protein A must be maintained in liquid during storage and all handling steps. Drying will result in reduced performance. Do not freeze the product.

PRECAUTIONS

Precautions should be taken to prevent bacterial contamination of protein-coated Adembeads. If cytotoxic preservatives are added they must be carefully removed before use by washing.

WARNINGS AND LIMITATIONS

For in vitro research only. Not for use in human diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Avoid pipetting by mouth.

WARRANTY

The products are warranted to the original purchaser only to conform to the quality and contents stated on the vial and outer labels for duration of the stated shelf life.

Ademtech's obligation and the purchaser's exclusive remedy under this warranty is limited either to replacement, at Ademtech's expense, of any products which shall be defective in manufacture, and which shall be returned to Ademtech, transportation prepaid, or at Ademtech's option, refund of the purchase price.

Claims for merchandise damaged in transit must be submitted to the carrier.